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The effect on Kerr comb generation in mode coupled WGM microcavity

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Background

- Microcavity Kerr frequency combs
- Kerr combs with mode coupling
- CW-CCW mode coupling
- Objective & Method
- Results
 - CW-CCW comb measurement
 - Numerical simulation of CW-CCW comb
- Summary & Conclusion

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Microcavity Kerr frequency combs



Microcavities as frequency Kerr comb platforms



Background Kerr combs with mode coupling



Kerr comb in normal dispersion with mode coupling



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CW-CCW mode coupling

surface defects

nanoparticles etc..



CW-CCW mode coupling

- Coupling using two counter propagating modes
- CCW mode induced by
- Application to label free sensing









Motivation & Method



<Objective>

- 1. Kerr comb generation in WGM microcavity
 - 2. Spontaneous CW-CCW mode coupling





CW-CCW coupling and Kerr comb generation

<Method>

<u>Experiment</u>

- Compare CW-CCW comb spectra
- Transmission spectrum of each mode

Simulation

Time domain spectrum of CW-CCW comb using coupled mode equations

CW-CCW comb measurement



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CW-CCW comb measurement



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Mode splitting of each mode



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Comparison of power and coupling







 $\Gamma \propto \text{Strength of mode coupling}$

Comparison of power and coupling



Strong correlation observed

➤ CCW combs generated by scattering of CW components
➤ CW comb (pumped) affected by coupling? → Question...

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Numerical modeling of CW-CCW coupling





Coupled mode equations

 A_{μ}, B_{μ} : Mode amplitude of cavities A&B γ : Total loss g: nonlinear coefficient κ : Coupling coefficient between A and B δ : Kronecker delta A_{in} : Input amplitude $Q_A = Q_B = 1 \times 10^7$ Silica toroid microcavity 80 µm

Coupled mode equations (Two-cavity coupled model)

$$\frac{\partial A_{\mu}}{\partial t} = -\frac{\gamma_{A_{\mu}}}{2}A_{\mu} + ig_{A}\sum_{\alpha,\beta,\gamma}A_{\alpha}A_{\beta}^{*}A_{\gamma}e^{i\left(\omega_{A\alpha}-\omega_{A\beta}+\omega_{A\gamma}-\omega_{A\mu}\right)t} + i\frac{\kappa_{\mu}}{2}B_{\mu} + \delta_{\mu}\sqrt{\gamma_{Aext}}A_{in}e^{i\left(\omega_{in}-\omega_{A_{0}}\right)t}$$
$$\frac{\partial B_{\mu}}{\partial t} = -\frac{\gamma_{B_{\mu}}}{2}B_{\mu} + ig_{B}\sum_{\alpha,\beta,\gamma}B_{\alpha}B_{\beta}^{*}B_{\gamma}e^{i\left(\omega_{B\alpha}-\omega_{B\beta}+\omega_{B\gamma}-\omega_{B\mu}\right)t} + i\frac{\kappa_{\mu}^{*}}{2}A_{\mu} \qquad Pumped only CW direction$$
$$Loss \qquad FWM / Dispersion \qquad Mode coupling \qquad Input$$





Only CCW comb is affected by mode coupling
Coherence decreases with random coupling

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Coupled cavity model (Coupled mode equation)



Mode number



Input

 γ_{ext}



- 1. Demonstrated the relationship between the coupling strength and the backscattering comb components
 - Strong correlation between coupling and CCW comb
- 2. Investigated the impact of CW-CCW coupling on CW comb generation using CMEs for a coupled cavity system
 - No influence on CW comb & pulse formation CCW pulse generation depending on conditions







Thank you very much

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